

Impact of COVID Early Release Payments on Retirement Outcomes, Fund Liquidity and Investment Allocations

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Superannuation not just about retirement

- A primary focus on retirement benefits but "sole purpose" goes further
- Release possible for permanent or temporary disability
- Death benefits
- Also hardship and compassionate release
- Departed temporary residents as well



COVID Early Release

- Early release provisions legislated March 2020, in effect from April
- Original arrangements extended to temporary residents, also extended out to allow applications up to 31 December 2020





COVID Early Release aggregates

- As at 22 November total of \$35.3 billion paid to 3.4 million initial applicants and 1.4 million repeat applicants.
- Volumes are tailing off but are likely to reach over \$36 billion and 4.9 million total applications by 31 December 2020
- Australian labour force around 13.7 million in total







A noticeable increase in overall benefit payments



Administration under pressure, but funds met the challenge

- 700,000 applications first week, running at 150,000 for some weeks after that
- Now down to around 20,000 a week
- Funds paid out mostly under 5 days from receiving applications, bulk 3 days or less
- Concerns about fraud potential but third party fraud relatively rare
- As at the end of October, reported fraud events were 1,703 (0.04%) of the 4.5 million ERS payments to members, with other attempted fraud events stopped before payment
- Less clear that all of the 3.4 million applicants satisfied the release criteria







COVID Early Release by age band

| | 2019-20 | | 2020-21 to date | | | | | |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------|--|---|--|---|---|--|--|
| Age range | Number of applications approved | Value of applications approved for release (\$m) | Number of unique applications approved (2020-21 to date) | Value of unique applications approved for release in 2020-21 to date (\$m) | Total number of applications approved in 2020-21 to date | Total value of applications approved for release in 2020-21 to date (\$m) | | |
| a. 20 and Less | 39,100 | 110 | 6,900 | 20 | 13,700 | 35 | | |
| b. 21-25 | 292,100 | 1,660 | 26,400 | 162 | 102,400 | 590 | | |
| c. 26-30 | 455,100 | 3,330 | 29,100 | 226 | 194,700 | 1,583 | | |
| d. 31-35 | 430,600 | 3,655 | 27,400 | 228 | 230,600 | 2,046 | | |
| e. 36-40 | 355,100 | 3,195 | 24,000 | 206 | 214,200 | 1,960 | | |
| f. 41-45 | 276,500 | 2,545 | 20,200 | 177 | 177,700 | 1,650 | | |
| g. 46-50 | 250,700 | 2,340 | 19,400 | 173 | 165,800 | 1,556 | | |
| h. 51-55 | 193,100 | 1,815 | 15,600 | 141 | 127,400 | 1,201 | | |
| i. 56-60 | 121,000 | 1,135 | 10,200 | 92 | 74,400 | 701 | | |
| j. 61-65 | 36,400 | 330 | 3,700 | 31 | 18,700 | 170 | | |
| k. 66-70 | 2,800 | 20 | 400 | 3 | 1,100 | 9 | | |
| l. 71 and greater | 600 | 5 | 100 | 1 | 200 | 2 | | |
| Unknown | - | - | - | - | - | - | | |
| Total | 2,453,050 | 20,140 | 183,179 | 1,460 | 1,320,900 | 11,503 | | |

COVID Early Release by gender



| | 2019-20 | | 2020-21 to date | | | | |
|--------|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|---|---|--|
| | Number of applications approved | Value of applications approved for release (\$m) | Number of unique applications approved in 2020-21 to date | Value of unique applications approved for release in 2020-21 to date (\$m) | Total number of applications approved in 2020-21 to date | Total value of applications approved for release in 2020-21 to date (\$m) | |
| Male | 1,381,500 | 11,630 | 97,100 | 796 | 769,000 | 6,853 | |
| Female | 1,071,300 | 8,510 | 86,300 | 664 | 551,800 | 4,649 | |
| Other | 300 | - | - | 0 | 100 | - | |
| TOTAL | 2,453,050 | 20,140 | 183,179 | 1,460 | 1,320,900 | 11,503 | |

Source: ATO (Data as at 26 July 2020).

Explanatory note: Please note unique approved applications are those that are applying for the first time in tranche 2 i.e. did not apply for early release in 2019-20 (tranche 1)

Yet more data on early release applicants and accounts

- 163,000 accounts were fully depleted by ERS payments and closed in the June and September quarters
- The range of member balances after the ERS payment for those accessing the ERS was relatively wide, ranging from remaining balances of less than \$1,000 to greater than \$500,000



Distribution of member accounts after ERI payments



Female Male



Impact of early release on fund members

- Impact depends on age and amount taken out, but for many long term impact is substantial
- For a 30 year old on \$60,000 a year withdrawal of \$20,000 now means \$43,000 off what would have been \$350,600 at age 67
- For a person aged 40, balance at age 67 \$35,000 lower, for person aged 50 \$28,500 less

Sequencing risk of withdrawals and increased fund holdings of cash

- Many early release withdrawals were made after substantial falls in equity prices
- Funds also increased allocation to cash in anticipation of further withdrawals
- Many balanced default investment options now up around 10 per cent since the equity price falls in March and April



Movements in average asset allocations



Chart 1: Industry asset allocation change from 30 June 2019 to 30 September 2020





Conclusions

- Superannuation funds and administrators remarkably successful in the quick processing of millions of payments with low levels of fraud
- Many early release applicants had relatively low balances to start with, very low after early release
- Substantial impacts on eventual retirement balances in the absence of any catch-up contributions
- The impacts of early release reinforce the need for the SG to get to 12 per cent